



## New Zealand Flygility Dog Association Inc.

# TOURNAMENT COMPETITION RULES, TITLES AND REGULATIONS

(To apply from 01 November 2022)

### 1. AMATEUR COMPETITION

The NZFDA encourages amateur competition. Individuals or teams that accept money or other compensation for flygility competition or demonstrations may not compete in NZFDA competition. They may, however, accept money for expenses, or prize money or trophies, uniforms or equipment that identifies a sponsor or the host club.

### 2. FLYGILITY'S CHARACTER

Flygility is a dog sport using some features taken from other dog sports but there is a need for skill in negotiating courses with a variety of obstacles and changes of direction. Accuracy is more important than speed.

### 3. COMPETITION CHARACTER

3.1 Flygility is essentially a team knock-out competition where two teams compete simultaneously over separate courses that are as close to identical as possible. The best of three runs decides which team proceeds to the next heat. The final heat shall be the best of three runs.

3.2 A double elimination knockout draw must be used for all events being held at the tournament where the number of entrants is less than eight but shall not be used for events where the number of entrants is eight or greater.

3.3 At an official Flygility Tournament the Management will choose which events will be run.

3.4 All competition draws will be made by random selection.

### 4. TEAMS

4.1 There can be different team types:

- a. One handler with one dog is an **Individual Team**;
- b. Two handlers each with a dog is a **Pairs Team**;
- c. Three handlers each with a dog is a **Threesome Team**;
- d. Four handlers each with a dog is a **Foursome Team**.

4.2 Any teams consisting of multiple dogs will be made by selected or random selection. Points for heat winners will still be credited in such classes.

4.3 It is the responsibility of the organisers to ensure a Box-loader is available for each Knockout race. A team may request a specific box loader.

4.4 Naming of Teams

Each team will have a name or designation registered with the NZFDA and the name of member or members (dog and handler) will be specified in the entry form for each official Tournament.

## 5 RESERVE DOGS

Each team, excluding individual teams, may have one dog (and handler) as a reserve which may be used at the team's discretion or in the case of injury.

## 6 SUBSTITUTE HANDLER OR RUNNER

- 6.1 A handler may run more than one dog in the same team or enter in more than one team in the same knock-out class. Should two teams with the same handler in each be drawn in the same race, then that handler must use a substitute handler for one of the dogs in that race.
- 6.2 Any team may have one person to run in the place of any handler for re-run purposes. The handler intending to use this provision must advise BOTH judges of his/her intention before the round starts. The Substitute Runner will stand back from the start/finish line and clear of returning dogs. If called into action by the handler, he/she will take the dog by the collar from the handler immediately prior to the re-run.

## 7 COMPETITION RULES

There will be five levels of competition:

- a. **Beginners:** At this level the course will be straight and will include only Basic Equipment (refer paragraph 9). Dogs may not compete at this level if they have accumulated 20 points. Points awarded will be Beginners points.
- b. **Intermediate:** In addition to the Basic Equipment, the ramp with hoops (refer paragraph 9) may be included and one change of direction is permissible but only by way of the bendy tunnel (refer paragraph 9). The change of direction will not be less than 150 degrees (ie, referring to a clock face, running from 6 towards 12, the change cannot be greater than turning right to 1 or left to 11). Only dogs with fewer than 50 points may compete at this level. Points awarded will be Intermediate points.
- c. **Senior:** The weaving poles (refer paragraph 9) may be included and there may be two changes of direction with or without use of the bendy tunnel. Any single change of direction will not be less than 120 degrees (clock face, running from 6 to 12, the change cannot be greater than turning right to 2 or left to 10.) unless the bendy tunnel is used as the corner, in which case, the corner can be as sharp as 90 degrees. Courses at this level shall not be mirrored ie the layout shall be the same in each lane. Dogs with 20 or more points may compete at this level. Points awarded will be Senior points.
- d. **Advanced:** The only limitation on the complexity of this level of competition is the equipment available, the practicality of setting out two equal courses and, of course, the safety of the dogs. Courses at this level shall not be mirrored ie the layout shall be the same in each lane. Dogs with 50 or more points may compete at this level. Points awarded will be Advanced points.
- e. **Plate:** Tournament organisers may run a Plate event for those competitors who do not win their first race. This may apply to any class and will be run on the same course as the class they relate to. Points awarded in a Plate event will be at the level the Plate event relates to.
- f. **Novelty Class:** The Management may choose to offer novelty classes. Points for heat winners in this type of class will NOT be credited towards titles or grading.

## 8 SPLIT HEIGHT CLASSES

A singles event may be split into height groups of MINI, MIDI, and MAXI when there are 8 or more competitors in each of the three height categories. If there are 8 entries in only one category and there are not 8 or more dogs remaining then no split can take place.

## 9. FLYGILITY EQUIPMENT

- 9.1 The Association's policy is to keep equipment costs to a minimum, consistent with safety, spectacle value, storage and transport. Agility equipment may be used so long as its dimensions meet the minimum measurements required for flygility. With all measurements, unless otherwise stated, there

will be a 10mm difference permitted, up or down, thus recognizing construction and timber shrinkage factors.

## 9.2 Team Equipment:

### a. *Flybox:*

- i. The tournament organisers shall supply flybox's and have a spare box's immediately available if required. Once the event has commenced, flyboxes can only be replaced if they malfunction. Competitors will be given the opportunity to practice on the flyboxes prior to the tournament commencing.
- ii. All boxes are to have a pedal-release mechanism. To preserve the spectator appeal of the sport, dog skill levels and equal competition the box design must allow for a distance not less than 200mm between the top edge of the pressure pad and the centre of the ball-cup, at the point in the box's action where the ball leaves the cup, this being measured as a straight line. A ball, when released from the flybox, must have a free unobstructed flight of not less than 600mm. All flyball boxes used for tournaments are to be of a standard design. The operating pedal shall cover the full face of the box and no more, with a 10mm undersize allowance and the pressure required to be operate it be no more than 2kg gently placed on the top edge of the pedal with the pedal in a horizontal position. (load the box, raise the front of the box so that the pedal is horizontal and prop it up. Check the weight required to trigger box). All flyball boxes should have a pedal face covered with a suitable non-slip surface.
- iii. In the interests of dog safety the flybox will have no sharp projections which the dog could land on after leaping for the ball. If the ball cup is exposed and able to strike the dog, the cup's edge must not project above the ball, or the cup must be made of a flexible material such as rubber.
- iv. Boxes shall be inspected by a panel of the Tournament's judges and shall not be allowed if, in the opinion of the majority of the judges, the box has been constructed or altered in a manner which provides an unfair advantage to any one team or it was likely to cause injury to a dog.
- v. If a box malfunctions during a round the judge will immediately stop the round. The organisers will replace the faulty box with its stand-by box and the round will be started again.

- b. *Balls and ball containers:* The organisers will supply balls and four containers, one for each end of the course. Sizes of ball other than the tennis ball may be used for different sized dogs, the responsibility being with the dog-handler and box-loader.

**9.3 Host Club Equipment:** It will be the host club's responsibility to provide, for the duration of the Tournament, two sets of course equipment. Teams are asked to co-operate by loaning equipment.

## 9.4 Basic Equipment:

- a. *Flyball pattern jumps*, being the first and last obstacles in every course. (Mini height 200mm, Midi 300mm, Maxi 400mm.) There shall be 600mm between the vertical posts or panels of the jumps which will be 600mm high and may be painted in colours of the owner's or sponsor's choice. The Horizontal inserts between the uprights to be Pool Noodles. The jump heights will be set according to the height of the smallest dog in that team.
- b. *Agility hurdles* (Mini height not higher than 200mm, Midi 380mm, Maxi 460mm. Hurdle heights for the whole team will be set according to the height of the smallest dog in that team. Bars preferably 40mm outside diameter and length 1m - 1.2m. Single bars will be used on all agility hurdles.
- c. *Long jump:* This will consist of four boards for maxi, 150mm wide, the longest 1500mm long, the others reduced in length to allow them, with 25mm legs fitted, to slot inside each other (i.e, second longest board 1450, third longest 1400 and shortest 1350mm). The three smallest boards for medium, and the two or three smallest for mini at the judge's discretion. The longest two boards will have legs giving maximum height at the top edge of the sloping board, of 300mm and the bottom edge of the board 230mm. The two shortest boards will be, at the top of the slope 250mm high and at the bottom 180mm. The two highest boards will be central, their sloping faces looking away from each other. The shortest two boards will be placed with their lower edges the correct distance apart for the smallest dog in the team. On each side of the long jump, at mid-point, a vertical marker - hurdle upright or hurdle-wing, will be placed, close to the end of the boards. The sloping faces of the boards will be painted white or of one colour clearly visible to dogs.

- d. **Bendy tunnel:** Diameter Minimum 600mm, Maximum 750mm with a maximum difference of 50mm between the diameters of the tunnels in each lane. Minimum length 3.0m Maximum – 6.0m but this can be easily adjusted as the tunnel can be concertinaed.
- e. **Poles and rope for start/finish line:** Two flexible poles, at least 1.5 metres in length and a rope, at least 8 metres in length, must be available to define the start line unless a painted line is used.
- f. **Judges flags:** Each Judge will be provided with two flags, one chequered and one coloured, at least 300mm square on a short handle. The coloured flag will signal a re-run. The chequered flag will signal that the team has finished.

#### 9.5 Additional Equipment:

- a. **Ramp:** Two planks, 300mm wide and 2.4m long with slats no further apart than 350mm, securely attached to a support allowing the highest point of the ramp to be 600mm from the ground. At each end of the ramp, there will be a hoop. Dogs must go through both hoops in each direction. These are 25mm x 150mm x 900mm boards supporting a hooped length of stiff hose giving an opening 600mm wide at the base and 700mm high. These are pegged to the ground at the base of the ramps. Where it is not possible to peg the hoops the ends of the ramps are to be placed on top of the hoops' bases.
- b. **Weaving poles:** A bank of 6 poles will be used. To ensure the obstacle presents the same difficulty for all sizes of dogs the rigid plastic water pipe poles will have an inside diameter of not less than 30mm or an outside diameter of not less than 34mm. The 10mm dispensation for equipment sizes will not apply to the poles except as regards their length, which will be 900mm and the distance between the poles, which will be 600mm.

### 10. JUDGES

- 10.1 At the discretion of the Affiliated Group running the Tournament there may be two line Judges or Three line Judges:
- a. The Judge who designed the course will be the Course Judge and act as the senior judge for that competition when available; and
  - b. The second judge will be known as the Support Judge
  - c. where three judges are used the Judge who designed the course will be the 'Main Judge' and the other two line judges will be the flag judges ("flaggies")
  - d. The Main Judge will give the starting commands ARE YOU READY. The Flag Judges will raise their starting flags to indicate their lane is ready to run. The Main Judge will then call 3 2 1 GO .and watches both lanes while the two flag Judges watch for errors in their lane and flag the finish. The main judge tells the board/race recorder who won the race.
  - e. Where the finish is close the three judges in consultation will decide which lane was the winner - with the Main Judge making the final decision.

The two Judges, or the two flag judges, will, in consultation decide on which lane each will judge. The Judges will be positioned at the end of the start/finish line nearest to their team.

- 10.2 There will be two flybox referees. A flybox referee may also be a flybox loader. Each Flybox Referee's responsibility will be restricted to observing, in the allocated lane, the competing dog's and box-loader's performance. If there is any infringement of the rules the Flybox Referee will immediately signal to the Judge of that lane, by raising his/her coloured flag, that there has been an infringement. The Judge will then immediately raise his/her coloured flag, thus signalling that a re-run will be required. Each Flybox Referee will have the additional responsibility to adjust jump heights or length depending on the height of the next competing team.
- 10.3 The Judge will ensure that his/her specified team does not infringe the rules relating to the start/finish, clearing the obstacles, activating the Flybox and retrieving the ball to cross the finish line. Immediately an infringement occurs the Judge will signal clearly with the coloured flag that the dog in

error will have to re-run. The Judge who was responsible for designing the course will give the starting commands that will be by word of mouth - 3-2-1-GO.

- 10.4 If there is an infringement affecting both teams, e.g. a ball from one team intruding into the other team's area and affecting that team's performance, the Judges will confer and agree on the penalty. If the Judges cannot agree the Course Judge will have final decision.
- 10.5 The Judges' decision will be unanimous in determining the winner of a closely contested round. If the decision cannot be unanimous the round will be declared "dead" and immediately re-run.
- 10.6 A dog belonging to a Judge at a tournament may compete in that tournament in any class including the class in which the Judge may be judging. However, the dog must not run in the lane the Judge is judging and should an infringement arise, involving the Judge's dog and affecting both lanes, the dog-owning Judge will leave the decision entirely to the other lane Judge.

## 11. COURSE SITE AND LAY-OUT

- 11.1 The two course lanes are to be a minimum of 3 meters apart at any point.
- 11.2 From the Start/Finish line to the line touching the front edge of the flybox pedal, the distance as a straight line at right angles to the Start/Finish line will not exceed 32 meters. This distance should not be reduced unless there are exceptional circumstances, and the shortened measurement, with an explanation for the reduction, must be recorded on the Judges' Result Sheet forwarded to the NZFDA. The actual length of a course can be longer than 32m due to the inclusion of turns.
- 11.3 The ring size should not be less than 46 meters in length (this allows for 7 metres before the Start/Finish line and 7 meters behind the fly box pedal) and the width of each lane shall be a minimum of 8 metres and a maximum of 12 metres.
- 11.4 There shall be a distance of 2 meters from the Start/Finish line to the first jump, which shall always be a flyball jump. No distance between the end of an obstacle and the start of the next obstacle will be less than 4.0 meters. For obstacles placed so that the dog can travel a straight line between them, this distance will be the straight line between the obstacles. For obstacles where the dog's line is on a curve, the judge will measure as close as possible to the obstacles in the direction of the travel of the dog between obstacles. There shall be a distance of 5 meters from the last jump, which shall always be a flyball jump, to the flybox pedal.
- 11.5 It is recommended that, where possible, two half-circles of dark-coloured plastic garden fencing (e.g. Netlon with 50mm squares, 1.2m wide cut in half to give 600mm height) be erected in a semi-circle or U around each flybox to prevent a miss-caught ball wandering into the spectators or into the other lane. This barrier should be no closer than 3m from the box on the outer side of the course and 3m behind the box and then coming in to a point midway between the two boxes. Each curve of barrier will be approximately 8m long.
- 11.6 Double entrances. At the discretion of the judge double entrances may be used for pairs or triples events. Teams may choose which dog runs which course, but a dog must return over the same course as it ran up in the order to complete the run. Teams may swap the running order and which dog runs which course between runs and races.

## 12. RACING

- 12.1 A race is defined as the best two out of three runs.
- 12.2 **Practice:** Before the race starts, each dog may, if the handler wishes, have one practice run over the official course, a ball being used in the flybox as usual and the handler being free to encourage the dog in any way during that practice run. If, in a subsequent heat, a team has to run in the other lane from the one run in earlier, the team may have a practice run in the new lane. There shall be no practice or training in the ring for the duration of the Tournament except for the practice runs as permitted in the two instances stated above. In an advanced class the Judge has the right to require teams to change lanes for each run in a race. If this principle is used it must apply to all competitors in that Advanced Class.

- 12.3 **The Start:** Dogs may start from a stationary or running start. If any part of the dog, or if the handler's foot crosses the starting line before the GO! of the start signal, it is a false start. The run is declared dead and that run is started again. If the same team has a second false start in any other run of the race the offending dog will be disqualified from that run.
- 12.4 **The Run:**
- a. Each dog is to negotiate all the obstacles in succession, trigger the box and return, negotiating all the obstacles in succession, with the ball in its mouth. Only when the first returning dog has crossed the start/finish line with any part of its body (on ground or in air) and the ball it must carry is over the line, may the second dog start (and so on). The first team to have all dogs complete a faultless run shall be the winner.
  - b. If a dog has started before the preceding dog has reached the start line, does not negotiate an obstacle, dislodges a hurdle bar, does not trigger the box, or does not return with the ball, the Judge will immediately flag the dog on its first fault and the dog will be required to re-run after the other dogs have run. If the handler's foot crosses the start-line during the dog's run the handler will be flagged and the dog will have to re-run after the other dogs have run.
  - c. A handler may recall a dog to the start line as soon as the dog makes no progress or faults. The Judge will immediately raise the coloured flag and commence a five second count using the words FIVE THOUSAND, FOUR THOUSAND, THREE THOUSAND, TWO THOUSAND, ONE THOUSAND, GO. The next dog to run will not cross the start line until the Judge counts GO and the flagged dog has returned over the Start line. If a dog faults after reaching the box then a five second delay count is not required before the re-run. (Note: Two dogs must not be on the course lane at the same time).
    - i) If a team has a fault on either obstacle 1 or 2 on the way to the box (dog must go over start line before a fault / rerun can be called) the dog must be called back over the start line by the handler. Once back over the line then the 5 one thousand 4 one thousand 3 one thousand 2 one thousand 1 one thousand count begins. Only when the count has finished may the team commence their re-run. If a team is clear but a fault occurs after 2 obstacles the rerun format under 12.4.c stands.
  - d. The team will forfeit the run if a handler causes a re-run by either deliberately calling their dog back before it has faulted or by deliberately stepping over the start line.
- 12.5 **Re-runs:** A dog will re-run after the other dogs in the team have run. If the handler wishes, on the rerun only, he/she or the team's runner may run with the dog to encourage it. The person may press the pedal and may put the ball in the dog's mouth, either at the box or on the course, but must not carry the ball, which the dog must take over or through all obstacles and over the finish line. There MUST be a ball loaded in the box on the rerun. Any dog errors on the re-run should be corrected and then the rest of the course completed, as the dog must complete the full course accurately. If these conditions are not fully met the dog is disqualified and as a result the team is disqualified. The re-run cannot commence until the entire dog is behind the start/finish line.
- 12.6 **Knock-Down of a Flyball Jump, Hurdle Bar or Long Jump:** If a dog knocks over a flyball jump, hurdle bar or long jump, the obstacle will not be replaced during that run but the dog shall be required to re-run. In a team class all remaining dogs in that team will be required to run through the flyball jump as if it were standing and/or run through the hurdle uprights, or wings, despite the bar not being in place and/or run through the vertical markers of the long jump. The obstacles will be reset before the next run. If the judge deems the downed obstacle to be a safety hazard the race may be halted, the obstacle reset and the run restarted.
- 12.7 **Wandering Ball:** If a dog miss-catches a ball and it hits the box-loader or rolls into the other lane it will still be in play. If the dog or ball does not in any way adversely affect the performance of the other team, there will be no penalty. However, if in the opinion of either Judge there has been adverse effect the offending team will forfeit that run. If the dog miss-catches a ball and the ball becomes inaccessible to the dog for any reason (e.g. bounces back into the box, rolls into the spectators) the handler will recall the dog which will have to re-run.
- 12.8 **Flybox Loader:** After loading the box the loader must remain stationary, in the upright position, behind the catch nets and may give only verbal encouragement to the dogs. Hands will be kept behind the back except when loading. The ball container should be placed right behind the loader so that a miss-caught ball will not bounce into it. If, in the opinion of the Judge, the loader, through body

movement, gives encouragement to the dog, the Judge will flag the loader and the dog will be required to re-run.

- 12.9 **Food or Training Aids:** A dog will be disqualified from the run if the handler carries onto the course any food, manufactured whistle, clicker, squeaky toy or other related training aid other than those required to complete the class. The exception is that a training aid, but not food, may be used on the practice run. Food and/or training aids are permitted at the finish area but must not be taken onto the course.
- 12.10 **Interference:** A dog must complete their run in their own lane. If a dog strays into the opposition's lane and is clearly chasing the other dog, the judge can award the race to the opposition due to interference.
- 12.11 **Dropped Ball:** If a dog drops the ball during a run, providing that neither the dog nor the ball goes past the next obstacle, the dog may pick the ball up and continue the run. If the dog or the ball goes past the next obstacle then the dog will be required to re-run

### 13. AGGRESSION

- 13.1 If a dog shows undue aggression toward any dog or person, at any time during a competition, the Tournament Manager may pull that dog from competition. The degree of aggression that warrants removal from competition is to be determined by the Tournament Manager in consultation with the Zone Representative (if present) or the Main Judge for that race. Should the Tournament Manager be directly involved with the incident (i.e. owner/handler of dog concerned) then the decision will pass to the Zone Representative (if present) or the Main Judge for that race.
- 13.2 All dogs removed from competition for aggression must be reported to the NZFDA immediately after the competition by the Tournament Manager, Zone Representative or Main Judge responsible for removing the dog from competition. The Executive Committee shall review the incident and determine whether the removal from competition was warranted or not. If it is determined that the removal was warranted, the dog shall be put on report for a period of 1 year. Where it is deemed appropriate (e.g. incidents where serious harm has been done) then the dog may be immediately barred from future competition. Where it is determined that the removal from competition was not warranted, no further action against the dog will be taken.
- 13.3 On receiving a second report of aggression by any individual dog the Executive Committee will have the right to bar that dog from any future competition. This disbarment shall last indefinitely unless an application is made by the owner to reinstate the dog.
- 13.4 Following decisions by the Executive Committee on reports of aggressive behaviour, the NZFDA Secretary shall notify the dog's owner of the outcome within 2 weeks.
- 13.5 The owners of dogs on report must report the fact to Event Managers before the competition commences. On completion of the period of report the owner of the dog concerned shall apply to the NZFDA Secretary to confirm that the period of report has been completed satisfactorily and can be ended.
- 13.6 Following completion of a period of disbarment, an application for reinstatement may be submitted after the period of one year. The Executive Committee shall review any evidence to show that appropriate measures have been taken to curb the dog's aggression.

### 14. DOGS

- 14.1 No dog will compete before it is twelve months of age. If in the opinion of the Judges, a dog is lame or a bitch is in season, the Tournament Manager will have the right to excuse the dog from competition unless the handler presents a Clearance Certificate from a veterinarian.
- 14.2 All dogs shall wear a leather or fabric flat fitted collar (not a chain collar) to enable the handler to restrain the dog while waiting its turn. Holding the dog by the scruff of the neck, or other parts, should be discouraged. Collars may have a D ring to connect the lead to but no other attachments may be used while competing.

- 14.3 **Fouling the course:** If a dog fouls (vomiting, urinating or defecating) on the course then it shall be disqualified from that run. Should the fouling occur during the practice run then the dog will be disqualified from the first run of that race. The course is as defined in clause 11.3.
- 14.4 **Bitches in season:** Bitches in season are forbidden to compete at or attend Flygility Tournaments.
- 14.5 **Contagious or Infectious Disease:** Dogs that have a contagious or infectious disease, or have been exposed to a contagious or infectious disease, are forbidden to compete at, or attend flygility tournaments. There shall be a stand down period of 6 weeks unless a clearance has been obtained from a veterinarian.

## 15. DOG HEIGHTS

### 15.1 Height Classes:

Mini Dogs – dogs not exceeding 430mm in height.

Midi Dogs – dogs exceeding 430 mm but not exceeding 520mm in height.

Maxi Dogs – all other dogs.

### 15.2 Height Measurements:

All dogs shall have a measurement completed prior to competing at flygility tournaments. An agility height measurement shall be an acceptable measurement for the dog. Measurements shall be required as follows:

- a. Between 12 and 18 months – an interim measurement shall be obtained no earlier than 4 weeks prior to turning 12 months of age.
- b. Between 18 months and 2 years – an interim measurement shall be obtained no earlier than 4 weeks prior to turning 18 months of age.
- c. From 2 years on – a final measurement shall be obtained no earlier than 2 weeks prior to turning 2 years of age.

## 16. FLYGILITY TITLES

### 16.1 Points:

- a. Teams will be awarded points through the winning of a heat in a Knock-Out Race held at an officially approved Tournament. Any points awarded will be classified as either:
  - i) NZFDA Points - Where the dog is registered with the NZFDA and the handler is a current financial member of the NZFDA, then points awarded will be classified as NZFDA points. NZFDA points will be counted towards the entitlement of NZFDA titles and counted when determining a dog's eligibility to enter the various competition classes
  - ii) Grading Points - Where the dog is not registered with the NZFDA, and/or the handler is not a current financial member, then points awarded will be classified as Grading points. Grading points will only be counted when determining a dog's eligibility to enter the various competition classes. They will not count towards NZFDA titles or awards.
- b. Points will be awarded if both Judges are members of the NZFDA and provided at least four teams compete. All the teams may be from the same Group or Club.
- c.
  - i) Each dog in any team winning a heat of a KO at any level (Beginners, Intermediate Senior or Advanced) will be credited with 1 point.
  - ii) Each dog in any team winning a heat of a KO Plate event race at any level (Beginners, Intermediate, Senior or Advanced) will be credited with half a point
- d. The Judge's Result Sheet for each KO race will record the names of every team that competed in the first heat of the race and the number of points credited to each.

### 16.2 Competitor's Logbook:

The owner of each registered dog may purchase from the NZFDA a Logbook in which they can record the points gained in any class. An official record of the points gained shall be held by the Secretary of the NZFDA and these will be the records used to determine a dog's eligibility to titles etc.

### 16.3 Titles:

Any reference to points in this clause, sub-clauses included, shall refer to NZFDA points as specified in clause 16.1.a.i



- a. To be eligible to be awarded the title Flygility Dog (FD) a dog will have to have accumulated 20 points, 7 of which must have been gained at the Intermediate, Senior, or Advanced levels.
- b. For the title Flygility Dog Excellent (FDX) a dog will have to accumulate 50 points (ie, a further 30 points after the FD), 15 of which must have been gained at the Senior or Advanced levels.
- c. For the title of Flygility Dog Champion (FDCh) a dog will have to accumulate 100 points (ie, a further 50 points after the FDX), 30 of which must have been gained at the Senior or Advanced levels and of the 30 points, a minimum of 15 must have been gained at Advanced level.
- d. For the title Flygility Grand Champion (FDGRCH) a dog will have to accumulate 250 points (ie a further 150 after FDCh), 30 of which must have been gained at the Senior or Advanced levels and of the 30 points, a minimum of 15 must have been gained at Advanced level
- e. For the title Flygility Dog Supreme Champion (FDSUPCH), a dog will have to accumulate 400 points (i.e. a further 150 points after having gained the FDGRCH title), including a minimum of 75 points gained at Advanced level
- f. This formula for titles shall be reviewed every two years, to ensure that, as standards improve and the sport develops, the titles retain challenge and prestige value.
- g. As the sport develops, consideration will need to be given to Team Awards and Flygility Group or Club Awards.

## **17 FLYGILITY TOURNAMENT REGULATIONS**

### **17.1 Terms and Conditions:**

- a. Any flygility fixture approved by the NZFDA will be called a Flygility Tournament.
- b. Only Flygility Groups registered with the NZFDA will be authorized to run a Flygility Tournament.
- c. Any handler with dog may compete at an authorized tournament so long as the handler has paid the appropriate entry fee(s) and signed the entry form stating full acceptance of the host Group's authority, under the NZFDA's rules.
- d. Refer also to paragraph 16.1 a.

### **17.2 Approval:** The Executive Committee shall have power to grant, withhold or cancel approval for the holding of any flygility tournament subject to the following:

- a. Dates of Tournaments in previous years.
- b. Dates requested.
- c. Clashing with another flygility tournament within a reasonable distance.
- d. Maintaining reasonable share of tournament opportunities for all Flygility Groups.
- e. Maintaining a balance of at least 50% of any Group's or Club's tournaments being held before the public at a public occasion where those present are not just flygility competitors, eg, other types of dog show, school fairs, A & P Shows, etc.

### **17.3 Applying for Approval:**

- a. A Flygility Group will forward to the NZFDA a completed official Application Form at least one calendar month before the proposed tournament date, this to allow publication of the Tournament in the NZFDA official publication. The Form will require the following information:
  - i. Flygility Group;
  - ii. Place and Date;
  - iii. Expected races and the levels and the order of running;
  - iv. Time of first race;
  - v. Name(s) of Judge(s) and which races each will judge;
  - vi. Name of Reserve Judge;
  - vii. Closing date of entries;
  - viii. Mailing address for entries;
  - ix. Entry fees;

- x. Details of prize money and/or trophies;
  - xi. Catalogue details;
  - xii. Catering details.
- b. Included with the application will be payment of the current license fee. (There will be no levy payment on individual entries.)
- c. Notwithstanding clause a & b above, the executive committee can approve tournaments that do not meet all the requirements of clause 17.2 if in their opinion the tournament is for the betterment of the sport.

**17.4 Judges and Judging Appointments:**

- a. Any member of the NZFDA deemed by that Tournament Management to have sufficient experience, may be appointed as a Judge for that Tournament.
- b. Only races where both Judges are NZFDA members will count for points towards NZFDA awards or titles.
- c. The Flygility Group that has hosted a Tournament will, within fourteen days, forward to the NZFDA a complete set of race results.
- d. No Judge may be paid a judging fee but shall be paid all reasonable expenses including travelling costs and comfortable accommodation. Details of such expenses must be included by the Judge on the NZFDA Judging Contract Form.

**17.5 Judge's Decision:**

- a. A Judge's decision shall be deemed to be final at the termination of his judging the class, except in the case of fraud or misrepresentation.
- b. Notwithstanding a. above, a team has the right to appeal a Judge's decision, but the intention to appeal must be conveyed to the Tournament Manager within thirty (30) minutes of the termination of the race accompanied by a cash deposit of \$50.00. The Tournament Manager will immediately inform the Judge of the complaint and will endeavor to have the problem solved to the satisfaction of both parties before parties leave the Tournament. If this is not successful, the complaint must be forwarded in writing to the Tournament Manager within 7 days of the Tournament date. The Manager will forward a copy of the complaint to the Judge concerned and to the NZFDA Executive Committee who shall appoint a mediator. The mediator, within one calendar month of the Tournament's date, will call a meeting of the complainant team's representative, the Tournament Manager and the Judge and resolve the matter democratically, the mediator, if necessary, having a casting vote. The mediator will convey that decision, which will be binding on all parties, to the Executive Committee who will take whatever further action is necessary.